

COMMON DATA SET 2016-2017 December 2016

Oklahoma State University Institute of Technology Okmulgee, Oklahoma

Office of Institutional Research

OSUIT Common Data Set

The information contained in the OSUIT Common Data Set is collected from several institutional offices. The enrollment data are based on the preliminary data stored after the last day to drop courses with no grade record which is traditionally the end of the second week of classes. The tuition information is provided by the OSUIT Bursar's Office, the financial aid data is provided by the OSUIT Financial Aid Office and the faculty information is provided by OSUIT Human Resources.

Prepared by Michelle Canan Director, Institutional Research Oklahoma State University Institute of Technology December 2016

A. General Information

A1 Address Information

Name of College/University:	Oklahoma State University Institute of Technology
Mailing Address:	1801 E 4th St
City/State/Zip/Country:	Okmulgee, OK 74447
Street Address (if different):	
City/State/Zip/Country:	
Main Phone Number:	918-293-4678
WWW Home Page Address:	https://osuit.edu/
Admissions Phone Number:	918-293-4680
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	1-800-722-4471
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	1801 E 4th St
City/State/Zip/Country:	Okmulgee, OK 74447
Admissions Fax Number:	918-293-4643
Admissions E-mail Address:	osuit.admissions@okstate.edu
If there is a separate URL for your	
school's online application, please specify:	

If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

Public	Х
Private (nonprofit)	
Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

,, .	
Coeducational college	Х
Men's college	
Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

Semester	
Quarter	
Trimester	Х
4-1-4	
Continuous	
Differs by program (describe):	
Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Х
Х
Х
Х

Enrollment information is based on preliminary numbers generated after the drop/add period for fall. This document was prepared on the basis of the best information available at the time. All information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME				PART-TIME				TOTAL	
	М	en	Wo	men	M	len	Wo	men		
Undergraduates	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Tota
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	451	37.30%	137	27.18%	26	8.05%	13	3.60%	627	26.16%
Other first-year, degree-seeking	281	23.24%	106	21.03%	43	13.31%	39	10.80%	469	19.57%
All other degree-seeking	470	38.88%	106	38.69%	246	76.16%	286	79.22%	1,197	49.94%
Total degree-seeking	1,202	99.42%	438	36.90%	315	97.52%	338	93.63%	2,293	49.94% 95.66%
All other undergraduates enrolled	7	99.42% 0.58%	<u>430</u> 66	13.10%	8	2.48%	23	93.63% 6.37%	2,293	4.34%
in credit courses	1	0.56%	00	13.10%	0	2.40%	23	0.37%	104	4.34%
Total undergraduates	1,209	50.44%	504	21.03%	323	13.48%	361	15.06%	2,397	100.00%
Graduate										
Degree-seeking, first-time	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C)
All other degree-seeking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C)
All other graduates enrolled in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C)
credit courses										
Total graduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0)
Fotal all undergraduates									2,397	
Total all graduate								-	0	_
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS								-	2,397	_
TOTAL FULL-TIME STUDENT CR				23,358						
TOTAL PART-TIME STUDENT CR		S		4,591						
TOTAL STUDENT CREDIT HOUR	S			27,949						
TOTAL FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT	(FTE)			1,863.27						
All Students	n	%				n	%			
Total Men	1,532	63.91%	Total Full-tir	ne		1,713	71.46%	7		
Total Women	865	36.09%	Total Part-ti	me		684	28.54%			
Full-time Students	n	%				n	%			
Men	1,209	70.58%	Women			504	29.42%	1		
Wich	1,209	70.0076	WOILICH			504	23.4270	J		
Degree-seeking, first-time	n	%				n	%			
freshmen										
Men	477	76.08%	Full-time			588	93.78%	7		
Women	150	23.92%	Part-time			39	6.22%]		
T . (.]	007	1	Tatal			007		-		

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

627

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year		Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time, first-year)		Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)	
	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total
Nonresident aliens	9	1.44%	38	1.66%	39	1.63%
Hispanic	58	9.25%	138	6.02%	141	5.88%
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	94	14.99%	281	12.25%	302	12.60%
Asian, non-Hispanic	0	0.00%	15	0.65%	16	0.67%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	28	4.47%	102	4.45%	113	4.71%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-	1	0.16%	1	0.04%	1	0.04%
Hispanic						
White, non-Hispanic	325	51.83%	1,180	51.46%	1,222	50.98%
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	73	11.64%	216	9.42%	230	9.60%
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	39	6.22%	322	14.04%	333	13.89%
TOTAL	627	100.00%	2,293	100.00%	2,397	100.00%

Total

627

Total

B2A Full-time Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Full-time Degree- Seeking First-Time First Year		Full-time Degree- Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time, first-year)		Full-time Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)	
	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total
Nonresident aliens	9	1.53%	33	2.01%	34	1.98%
Hispanic	55	9.35%	115	7.01%	117	6.83%
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	88	14.97%	221	13.48%	237	13.84%
Asian, non-Hispanic	0	0.00%	13	0.79%	13	0.76%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	26	4.42%	75	4.57%	80	4.67%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-	1	0.17%	1	0.06%	1	0.06%
Hispanic						
White, non-Hispanic	307	52.21%	843	51.40%	872	50.90%
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	70	11.90%	167	10.18%	179	10.45%
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	32	5.44%	172	10.49%	180	10.51%
TOTAL	588	100.00%	1,640	100.00%	1,713	100.00%

B2B Enrollment by	/ Age. Provide numbers (of undergraduate students for	r each of the following categories as of the

	n	%
less than 21	1216	50.7%
21-25	571	23.8%
26-30	257	7 10.7%
31-35	143	6.0%
36-40	83	3.5%
over 40	126	5.3%
Not Available	1	0.0%
Total	2397	7 100.0%

	n	%
less than 18	171	7.1%
18	365	15.2%
19	393	16.4%
20	287	12.0%
21	172	7.2%
22	127	5.3%
23-25	272	11.3%
over 25	609	25.4%
Not Available	1	0.0%
Total	2397	100.0%

	Average Age	Median Age
All Students	24	21
Degree Seeking First-time Freshmen	20	18

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016

	Count	% of Total
Certificate/diploma		
Associate degrees	650	90.53%
Bachelor's degrees	68	9.47%
Postbachelor's certificates		
Master's degrees		
Post-Master's certificates		
Doctoral degrees –		
research/scholarship		
Doctoral degrees – professional		
practice		
Doctoral degrees – other		
Total	718	100.00%

following categories as of the		
	n	%
18 & under	536	22.4%
19-25	1251	52.2%
26-35	400	16.7%
36-45	137	5.7%
46-55	53	2.2%
56 & over	19	0.8%
Not Available	1	0.0%
Total	2397	100.0%

Graduation and Transfer Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2016 Web-based survey.

First-time freshmen are not admitted into the OSUIT bachelors programs. To provide a better picture of graduation rates, a section has been revised to reflect all first-time, full-time, degree seeking students.

2009 Cohort

B4-	Initial 2009 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking	746
B21	students:	
	Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate	0
	for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the	
	armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official	
	church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
	Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract	746
	question B13 from question B12):	
	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	0
	Completers of programs of at least two and less than 4 years (total):	206
	Completers of a bachelor's or equivalent degree (total):	15
	Total completers within 150%	221
	Total transfers-out to other institutions:	129
	Graduation Rate	30%
	Transfer-out Rate	17%

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

First-time freshmen are not admitted into the OSUIT bachelors programs.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time, degree-seeking undergraduate students	56%
	who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2015 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the	
	date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2016?	

Additional Retention Rates by Classification

For the degree seeking undergraduate students (excluding cooperative alliance) who were enrolled in fall 2015, what percentage were enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2016?

Freshmen	54%
Sophomores	37%
Juniors	33%
Seniors	26%
All Students	43%

Additional Information

What percentage of freshmen enrolled in fall 2015 completed the academic year in g	road standing?	62%
What percentage of freshmen enrolled in fall 2015 completed the academic year in a	bood standing?	0270

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2016. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

	n	%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1266	68.5%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	583	31.5%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who applied	1849	100.0%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1266	68.5%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	583	31.5%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who were admitted	1849	100.0%
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	451	94.5%
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	26	5.5%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	477	100.0%
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	137	91.3%
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	13	8.7%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	150	100.0%
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled	627	

C1A High School GPA

Mean High School GPA of enrolled first-time, first-year, (freshmen) students	3.00
High School GPA of enrolled first-time, first-year, (freshmen) students25th Percentile	2.63
High School GPA of enrolled first-time, first-year, (freshmen) students75th Percentile	3.46
Number of enrolled first-time, first-year, (freshmen) students submitting High School GPA	540

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

	Yes	No
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		Х
If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2016 admissions:		_
Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list		
Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
Number of wait-listed students admitted		
La succe succition a list man la del		-

Is your waiting list ranked?

If yes, do you release that information to students?

Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	Х
High school diploma is required and GED is not	
accepted	
High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require	
Recommend	Х
Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units	Units
	Required	Recommended
Total academic units	15	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be lab	3	
Foreign language		
Social studies		
History	3	
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
OtherTwo additional units that fit	2	
into one of the categories above or		
foreign language or computer science		

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

II SO, CHECK WHICH applies.	
Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	Х
other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record				Х
Class rank				Х
Academic GPA				Х
Standardized test scores				Х
Application Essay				Х
Recommendation(s)				Х
Nonacademic				
Interview				Х
Extracurricular activities				Х
Talent/ability				Х
Character/personal qualities				Х
First generation				Х
Alumni/ae relation				Х
Geographical residence				Х
State residency				Х
Religious affiliation/commitment				Х
Racial/ethnic status				Х

Volunteer work		Х
Work experience		Х
Level of applicant's interest		Х

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

	Yes	No
Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores	Х	
in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?		

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2016.

	ADMISSION				
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT	Х				
ACT only		Х			
SAT only				Х	
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					Х
SAT Subject Tests only					Х

If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2016, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):

No

ACT with Writing Component required

ACT with Writing component recommended ACT with or without Writing component accepted

Х	
	X

Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

	SAT essay	ACT essay
For admission		
For placement		
For advising		
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on the application		
essay		
No college policy as of now		
Not using essay component	Х	Х

In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

Yes	
Х	

Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term	SEPT 1
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-	
term admission	

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT	Х]
ACT	Х	
SAT Subject Tests		
AP	Х	
CLEP	Х	
Institutional Exam	Х	
State Exam (specify):	COMPASS	

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores		Number submitting SAT scores	
Percent submitting ACT scores	78%	Number submitting ACT scores	486

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading		
SAT Math		
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	16	21
ACT Math	16	20
ACT English	14	20
ACT Reading	16	23
ACT Science	17	22
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing		
700-800				1	
600-699					
500-599					
400-499					
300-399					
200-299					
Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	ACT Reading	ACT Science
30-36	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	5.00%	1.00%
24-29	10.00%	7.00%	7.00%	16.00%	12.00%
18-23	50.00%	39.00%	37.00%	47.00%	56.00%
12-17	38.00%	44.00%	55.00%	30.00%	28.00%
6-11	1.00%	9.00%	1.00%	2.00%	3.00%
Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

 Average ACT Composite of all first-time, first-year (freshman) students
 18.56

 enrolled in fall 2016 who submitted test scores.
 18.56

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	6%	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	23%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	54%	Top half +
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	46%	bottom half = 100%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	13%	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high	n school class	79%
rank:		

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school gradepoint averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA

from whom you collected high school GPA.	
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	12%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	11%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	13%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	15%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	30%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	15%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	4%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%
Totals should = 100%	100%

	Average	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
High school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.00	2.54	3.44
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	86%		

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an		Х
application fee?		
Amount of application fee:		
	Yes	No
Can it be waived for applicants with		
financial need?		

If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please Same fee:

Free: Reduced:

	Yes	No
Can on-line application fee be waived		
for applicants with financial need?		

C14 Application closing date

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an		Х
application closing date?		
Application closing date (fall):		
Priority date:		

C15		Yes	No
	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the	Х	
	fall?		

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

On a rolling basis beginning (date):	FEB 1
By (date):	
Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

Must reply by (date):		
No set date:	Х	
Must reply by May 1 or within		
weeks if notified thereafter		
Other:		
Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD)):	FIRST COME BASIS
Amount of housing deposit:		\$150.00
Refundable if student does not enroll?		
Yes, in full	Х	
Yes, in part		
No		

C18 Deferred admission

		Yes	No
Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after		Х	
admission?			
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 TRIMESTER		

C19 Early admission of high school students

	Yes	No
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-		Х
time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school		
graduation?		

C20 Common Application

Question removed from CDS.

(Initiated during 2008-2008 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

	Yes	No
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that		Х
permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in		
advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit		
to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for		
fall enrollment?		
If "yes," please complete the following:		
First or only early decision plan closing date		
First or only early decision plan notification date		
Other early decision plan closing date		
Other early decision plan notification date		

For the Fall 2016 entering class:

Number of early decision applications received by your institution]
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

C22 Early action

	Yes	No
Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified		Х
of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date		
but do not have to commit to attending your college?		
If "yes," please complete the following:		
Early action closing date		
Early action notification date		

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

Yes	No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no,	Х	
	please skip to Section E)		
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing	Х	
	credit by transferring credits earned from course work		
	completed at other colleges/universities?		

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2016.

	Applicants		Admitted	Applicants	Enrolled /	Applicants
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Men	529	57.4%	529	57.4%	138	63.9%
Women	393	42.6%	393	42.6%	78	36.1%
Total	922	100.0%	922	100.0%	216	100.0%

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Fall	Х
Winter	
Spring	Х
Summer	Х

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	Х	
	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	7 Credit Hours	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript		U Ali	of Some	Х	
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal					Х
statement					
Interview					Х
Standardized test scores	Х				
Statement of good					Х
standing from prior					
institution(s)					

- **D6** If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
- **D7** If a minimum college grade point average is required of 2.00 transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
- **D8** List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: If grade point average is less than 2.00, student may be admitted on probation.

D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
	Fall					X
	Winter					
	Spring					Х
	Summer					Х
D10				Yes	No	
	Does an open admission po	olicy, if reported,	, apply to		Х	
	transfer students?					
D11	Describe additional requirer	nents for transfe	er admission, if	applicable:		
	Transfer Credit Polici			_		
D12	Report the lowest grade ear	rned for any cou	irse that may be	e D		
	transferred for credit:					
						l
				Numbor	I Init I vno	
D13				Number	Unit Type	
D13	Maximum number of credits		t may be	45*	Credit Hours	
D13	Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year		t may be			
-			t may be	45*	Credit Hours	
D13 D14	transferred from a two-year	institution:	-	45* Number	Credit Hours Unit Type	
-	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits	institution:	-	45*	Credit Hours	
-	transferred from a two-year	institution:	-	45* Number	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year	institution: or courses that institution:	t may be	45* Number 90*	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m	t may be	45* Number	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m	t may be	45* Number 90*	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits at your institution to earn ar	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m associate degr	t may be nust complete ee:	45* Number 90* 15	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits at your institution to earn ar Minimum number of credits	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m associate degr that transfers m	t may be nust complete ree: nust complete	45* Number 90*	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits at your institution to earn ar	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m associate degr that transfers m	t may be nust complete ree: nust complete	45* Number 90* 15	Credit Hours Unit Type	
D14 D15 D16	transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits at your institution to earn ar Minimum number of credits	institution: or courses that institution: that transfers m associate degr that transfers m bachelor's degre	t may be nust complete ree: nust complete	45* Number 90* 15	Credit Hours Unit Type	

*A student may transfer all credits from another institution; however, 15 credit hours must be residential (OSUIT) hours.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

Accelerated program	
Cooperative education program	
Cross-registration	
Distance learning	Х
Double major	Х
Dual enrollment	Х
English as a Second Language (ESL)	
Exchange student program (domestic)	
External degree program	
Honors Program	
Independent study	Х
Internships	Х
Liberal arts/career combination	
Student-designed major	
Study abroad	Х
Teacher certification program	
Weekend college	
Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

Arts/fine arts	
Computer literacy	
English (including composition)	Х
Foreign languages	
History	Х
Humanities	Х
Mathematics	Х
Philosophy	
Sciences (biological or physical)	
Social science	
Other (describe):	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2016 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	13%	10%
Percent of men who join fraternities	NA	NA
Percent of women who join sororities	NA	NA
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or - affiliated housing	58%	30%
Percent who live off campus or commute	42%	70%
Percent of students age 25 and older	10%	28%
Average age of full-time students	20	23
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	20	24

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

Campus Ministries	X
Choral groups	
Concert band	
Dance	
Drama/theater	
International Student	Х
Organization	
Jazz band	
Literary magazine	
Marching band	
Model UN	
Music ensembles	
Musical theater	
Opera	
Pep band	
Radio station	
Student government	Х
Student newspaper	
Student-run film society	
Symphony orchestra	
Television station	
Yearbook	

See http://go.osuit.edu/ for other activities not listed.

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

	On Campus	At Cooperating	Name of Cooperating
		Institution	Institution
Army ROTC is offered:			
Naval ROTC is offered:			
Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

undergraduates at your institution		_
Coed dorms	Х	
Men's dorms	Х	
Women's dorms		
Apartments for married students	Х	(Nontraditional housing)
Apartments for single students	Х	(Nontraditional housing)
Special housing for disabled	Х	
students		
Special housing for international		
students		
Fraternity/sorority housing		
Cooperative housing		
Theme housing		
Wellness housing		
Other housing options (specify):		
		1

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: <u>http://www.osuit.edu/academics/net_price/</u>

Provide 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2016-2017 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduates
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition:		
In-district		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$3,900	\$3,900
In-state (out-of-district):		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$9,510	\$9,510
Out-of-state:		
NONRESIDENT ALIENS	\$9,510	\$9,510
Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:	\$1,200	\$1,200
ROOM AND BOARD:	\$6,724	\$6,724
(on-campus)		
ROOM ONLY:	\$4,126	\$4,126
(on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY:	\$2,598	\$2,598
(on-campus meal plan)		
Comprehensive tuition and room a	nd board fee (if your	

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

Other:

G2	Minimum	Maximum
Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	15	15
G3	Yes	No
Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Х	
G4	Yes	No
Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?	Х	
If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?	%	

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
			(not living at nome)
Books and supplies	Not available	e at this time	
Room only			
Board only			
Room and board total (if your			
college cannot provide separate			
room and board figures for			
commuters not living at home):			
Transportation			
Other expenses			

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):	\$130.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	\$317.00
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$317.00

Institutional policies must adhere to the policies of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, and tuition and fees may be changed at their discretion.

. .

...

H. FINANCIAL AID

Not available at this time.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2015-2016 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2015-2016 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-needbased scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

	4	
-	1	

	2016-2017	2015-2016
	estimated	final
Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1,	Х	
H2, H2A, and H6 below:		

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? H3

Federal methodology (FM)	Х
Institutional methodology (IM)	
Both FM and IM	

H1

	Need-based \$	Non-need-
	(Include non-need-	based \$
	based aid used to	(Exclude non-need-
	meet need.)	based aid used to
Scholarships/Grants		meet need)
Federal		\$0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is		\$0
located)		ΨŬ
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded		\$0
grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition		
waivers (which are reported below).		
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National		\$0
Merit) not awarded by the college		
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$0	\$0
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
Federal Work-Study		\$0
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		\$0
Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
Other		
Parent Loans		
Tuition Waivers	N/A	N/A
Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do		
not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
Athletic Awards	\$0	\$0

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-thanfull-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is nonneed-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. <u>Numbers should</u> reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2015 cohort)			
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need- based financial aid			
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need			
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid			
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid			
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid			
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid			
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private</u> alternative loans)			
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private</u> <u>alternative loans</u>)			
k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line ${\bf e}$			
I)	loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f			
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans,</u> <u>unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan			

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n			
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p			

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2016 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.

 * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

* money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. (private loans included)	
H5a	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:

Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	Х
Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident	0
aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who	
were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree- \$0 seeking nonresident aliens:

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-	\$0
seeking nonresident aliens:	

H7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
International Student's Financial Aid Application	
International Student's Certification of Finances	Х
Other (specify):	

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

FAFSA	Х
Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
State aid form	
Noncustodial PROFILE	
Business/Farm Supplement	
Other (specify):	

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	3/1
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	ON GOING
	THRU 6/30
No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a	Х
rolling basis):	

H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

a) Students notified on or about (date):		6/1	
Yes		No	
b)	Students notified on a rolling basis:	YES	
	If yes, starting date:	5/1	

H11 Indicate reply dates:

ſ	Students mu	st reply by (date):	30 day
	or within	weeks of notification.	

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution

H12 Loans

FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)	
Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	Х
Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	Х
Direct PLUS Loans	X

Federal Perkins Loans	Х
Federal Nursing Loans	
State Loans	
College/university loans from institutional funds	
Other (specify):	

H13 Scholarships and Grants

NEED-BASED:	
Federal Pell	Х
SEOG	Х
State scholarships/grants	Х
Private scholarships	Х
College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	Х
United Negro College Fund	
Federal Nursing Scholarship	
Other (specify):	

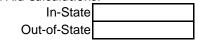
H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
Academics	Х	Х
Alumni affiliation	Х	Х
Art		
Athletics		
Job skills	Х	Х
ROTC		
Leadership	Х	Х
Minority status	Х	Х
Music/drama		
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency	Х	Х

H15 If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

Additional Information

Average Budget Amount for Financial Aid Calculations:

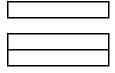


Percentage of current first year class that is receiving any student aid based on financial need:

Percentage of current first year class that is receiving student aid based on merit:

Percentage of full-time Pell Grant recipients for fall 2016:

Percent of all students receiving financial aid for fall 2016: Average financial aid package for fall 2016:



I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I1 Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2016. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
a)	Total number of instructional faculty	124	40	164
b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	26	8	34
C)	Total number who are women	38	24	62
d)	Total number who are men	86	16	102
e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	4	0	4
f)	f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree		1	8
g)	 g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's 		17	70
h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	26	14	40
i)	i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:		8	46
	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)			
j)	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in	0	0	0
	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

33

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2016 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2016 Student to Faculty ratio	14 to 1	(based on	1941 students
		and	137 faculty).

I3 Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2016 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2016. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	200	306	134	7	2	1	0	650
CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total

0

0

0

0

1

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

I3A Average Class Size

SECTIONS

Class Sections	14
Class Subsections	9

21

11

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and conservation				3
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences		6%	60%	11
Personal and culinary services		7%		12
Education		6%		13
Engineering				14
Engineering technologies		32%	40%	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics				16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English				23
Liberal arts/general studies				24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences				26
Mathematics and statistics				27
Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies				38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences				40
Science technologies				41
Psychology				42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences				45
Construction trades	1			46
Mechanic and repair technologies		24%		47
Precision production	1			48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts		5%		50
Health professions and related programs		14%		51
Business/marketing		6%		52
History				54
Other				
TOTAL (should = 100%)	0%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution. *Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of fulltime equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

***Community service program:** Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours. **Freshman:** A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the postbaccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

***Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

***Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

***Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

***Tutoring:** May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included. **Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient. **Financial need**: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.